



# Healthy Workplaces Campaign 2018-19

Manage dangerous substances in the workplace, Good Practice Awards  
HWC Summit 2019 Bilbao



EU2019.FI





## The agenda of the ceremony:

### My presentation

- The jury and its task,
- The jury process and criteria,
- An overview of the Award winners



## Awards

## Brief comments from winners



## The purpose with the Good Practice Awards:

- “Demonstrating the benefits of good safety and health practice and provide a platform for sharing knowledge and experience”



[www.healthy-workplaces.eu](http://www.healthy-workplaces.eu)



## The jury:

- **Kris de Meester, Federation of Enterprises in Belgium,**
- **Rob Triemstra, Netherlands Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment,**
- **Wim van Veelen, Netherlands Federation of Trade Unions,**
- **Laura Vicente, Directorate-General for Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion, and**
- **Mats Ryderheim, Swedish Work Environment Authority (retired), chair**



## Our task:

To study 42 applications from 25 countries and to look for

- innovative and effective management of the handling and use of dangerous substances, and
- clear examples of how the good occupational safety and health practices were implemented and what was achieved.

Awards?      Commend?





## The jury process:

- Preparations at home,
- A meeting in early May, in order to discuss all applicants with the criteria as a basis.
- Support from two experts from EU-OSHA.





## Some of the criteria:

- **Prioritisation of collective measures,**
- **Commitment of management,**
- **Worker participation,**
- **Implementation,**
- **Sustainability,**
- **Legislation,**
- **Transferability.**



## Six Good Practice Awards 2018/19



- \* **VAKOS XT, a.s. & Service facility for the Ministry of the Interior, Czechia (illegal narcotics)**
- \* **Eiffage Infrastructures, France (hazardous solvents)**
- \* **Federal Association of Glazier Trades, Germany (asbestos)**
- \* **Mansholt BV, Netherlands (harmful dust)**
- \* **Peluquería Elvira, Spain (hazardous chemicals)**
- \* **Atlas Copco Industrial Technique AB, Sweden (carbon nanotubes)**





## VAKOS XT, a.s. & Service facility for the Ministry of the Interior, Czechia

“Detoxikon — minimising harm to public order and safety personnel from microdoses of illegal narcotics”

1. Decontamination of workplaces and vehicles
2. Training
3. Specific therapy





## Eiffage Infrastructures, France

**“Eliminating hazardous solvent from the analysis of reclaimed material in the road repair and construction sector”**

**Before: Perchloroethylene was used.**

**After: An analysis method involving an infrared spectrometer is used.**





## Federal Association of Glazier Trades, Germany

“Safe and economical procedure for handling asbestos-containing putty in the glazing trade”

1. Establishing a technical procedure for the removal of asbestos-containing putty
2. Training
3. Awareness-raising actions





## Mansholt BV, Netherlands

”Reducing worker exposure to harmful dust in the arable farming sector”

A combination of technical, organisational and personal protective measures have been carried out.





## Peluquería Elvira, Spain

” Substituting hazardous chemicals and ensuring safe, healthy and sustainable working conditions in the hairdressing sector”

1. Substitution
2. Risk assessment and adequate measures
3. Training programme





# Atlas Copco Industrial Technique AB, Sweden “Protecting workers from potentially hazardous carbon nanotubes in the manufacturing sector”

Before: Working with PPE in the laboratory



After: Ventilated fume cupboards,  
safety routine for all





# Thank You for Your attention!

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