Summary of the discussion session 1C: action plans and campaigns

What type of intervention models/campaigns exist in the EU ? (1)

Presentation:

- ES: Zero Cancer at Work Campaign
 - comprehensive approach:
 - Initiated by CCOO involving trade unions, workers/companies, experts, public, legislation, enforcement
- FR: National Labour inspectorate campaign on hazardous substances
 - Part of governmental action plans for public and occupational health
 - Focus risk assessment, substitution and SDS

What type of intervention models/campaigns exist in the EU ? (2)

From discussion:

- NL (TNO): concept based on company- categorisation
 - willing/not willing; knowing/not knowing
 - Targeted approach for 4 different target groups
- NL: Stepwise and repeated enforcement
 - 1. inventory 2. assessment 3. measures 4. monitoring data
- France: industry-initiative for substitution (Form aldehyde)

What concepts for minimization exist in the EU? (1)

Presentation:

- German exposure risk management model: New paradigm : technique has to follow risk
 - Guidance to minimization of carcinogenic substances
 - Socially agreed risk levels:
 Tolerable (4:1000) and acceptable (4:10000)
 - correspondent substance specific concentrations derived and published by the Governmental Council (AGS) (actually 35 substances planned)

What concepts for minimization exist in the EU? (2)

From regulation:

- Binding OELs
- As low as reasonable achievable

From discussion:

 More support for minimization (best practice) is needed because: REACH does not cover every problem (e.g. not actively manufactured carcinogens)

What is the experience from campaigns ?

Presentations:

- Problems decrease with company size
- "The risk is substancially better understood by companies which were previously controlled"
- Alliances are necessary

Discussion:

- company staff usually not educated for specialised risk assessment?
- Clear focus on target groups helpful

Which type of further action do we need ? (communications, awarenessraising, monitoring...)

- Awareness-raising
- Improved enforcement
- increased coordination/communication via ECHA Forum ?
- Include carcinogens into general management approaches
- Focus on measures not on cancinogens!
- Advice AND enforcement neccessary

What could be the role of the EU-OSHA ?

- Information sharing about structures, activities and concepts
- increase exchange of practical experiences/Campaigns from the member states
- build up a portal for minimization examples (best practice) comparable to subsport
- Permanent expert group?

The floor is open for discussion

Campaign

- Subsport
 - General Tool to increase subsitution
 - Easy to understand
 - Low barrier for SME
 - Toolkit (substance information, strategies, webinars, case studies (500), legal texts, ...)

Campaign

- Zero cancer
 - Union awareness rising campaign
 - Presentation to the media, Assemblies with workers, materials, building alliances
- French government
 - Focussed on SME
 - NLI enforcement campagin
 - Better risk assessment -> more substitution

Concepts

- German exposure risk management model
 - Guidance to minimisation of carcinogenic substances
 - Socially agreed risk levels
 - Tolarable (4:1000) and acceptable (4:10000)
 - Derived substance specific concentration given by the AGS (actually 35 substances planned)
 - Technique has to follow risk